

Sample SW Book 1

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Contents

1 Purpose of this Document	7
2 Sample Mathematics and Text	9
In-line and Displayed Mathematics	9
Mathematics in section heads $\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \ln t dt$	10
Theorems, Lemmata, and Other Theorem-like Environments	10
Section Headings	11
Subsection Heading	11
Tags	11
Lists	12
About the Bibliography	13
A The First Appendix	15
Afterword	17

Preface

This is the preface and it is created using a TeX field in a paragraph by itself containing `\chapter*{Preface}`. When the document is loaded, this appears in the edit window like a normal chapter, but it is actually an unnumbered chapter. The `markboth` TeX field at the beginning of this paragraph sets the correct page heading for the Preface portion of the document. The preface does not appear in the table of contents.

Chapter 1

Purpose of this Document

This short sample document illustrates the typeset appearance of in-line and displayed mathematics in documents. It also illustrates five levels of section headings and three kinds of lists. Finally, the document includes entries for a manual bibliography and an appendix.

Chapter 2

Sample Mathematics and Text

In-line and Displayed Mathematics

The expression $\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} a_i$ is in-line mathematics, while the numbered equation

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} a_i \tag{2.1}$$

is displayed and automatically numbered as equation 2.1.

Let H be a Hilbert space, C be a closed bounded convex subset of H , T a nonexpansive self map of C . Suppose that as $n \rightarrow \infty$, $a_{n,k} \rightarrow 0$ for each k , and $\gamma_n = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (a_{n,k+1} - a_{n,k})^+ \rightarrow 0$. Then for each x in C , $A_n x = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_{n,k} T^k x$ converges weakly to a fixed point of T [1].

Two sets of \LaTeX parameters govern mathematical displays.¹ The spacing above and below a display depends on whether the lines above or below are short or long, as shown in the following examples.

A short line above:

$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

and a short line below.

A long line above may depend on your margins

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

¹ \LaTeX automatically selects the spacing depending on the surrounding line lengths.

as will a long line below. This line is long enough to illustrate the spacing for mathematical displays, regardless of the margins.

Mathematics in section heads $\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \ln t dt$

Mathematics can appear in section heads. Note that mathematics in section heads may cause difficulties in typesetting styles with running headers or table of contents entries.

Theorems, Lemmata, and Other Theorem-like Environments

A number of theorem-like environments is available. The following lemma is a well-known fact on differentiation of asymptotic expansions of analytic functions.

Lemma 1 *Let $f(z)$ be an analytic function in \mathbb{C}_+ . If $f(z)$ admits the representation*

$$f(z) = a_0 + \frac{a_1}{z} + o\left(\frac{1}{z}\right),$$

for $z \rightarrow \infty$ inside a cone $\Gamma_{\varepsilon} = \{z \in \mathbb{C}_+ : 0 < \varepsilon \leq \arg z \leq \pi - \varepsilon\}$ then

$$a_1 = -\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty, z \in \Gamma_{\varepsilon}} z^2 f'(z), \quad (2.2)$$

Proof. Change z for $1/z$. Then $\Gamma_{\varepsilon} \rightarrow \bar{\Gamma}_{\varepsilon} = \{z \in \mathbb{C}_- : \bar{z} \in \Gamma_{\varepsilon}\}$ and

$$f(1/z) = a_0 + a_1 z + o(z). \quad (2.3)$$

Fix $z \in \bar{\Gamma}_{\varepsilon}$, and let $C_r(z) = \{\lambda \in \mathbb{C}_- : |\lambda - z| = r\}$ be a circle with radius $r = |z| \sin \varepsilon/2$. It follows from (2.3) that

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{C_r(z)} \frac{f(\lambda) d\lambda}{(\lambda - z)^2} = \sum_{m=0}^1 a_m \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{C_r(z)} \frac{(\lambda - z)^m d\lambda}{(\lambda - z)^2} + R(z), \quad (2.4)$$

where for the remainder $R(z)$ we have

$$\begin{aligned} |R(z)| &\leq r^{-1} \max_{\lambda \in C_r(z)} o(|z|) = r^{-1} \max_{\lambda \in C_r(z)} |\lambda| \cdot O(|z| + r) \\ &= \frac{|z| + r}{r} \cdot O(|z| + r) = \frac{1 + \sin \varepsilon}{\sin \varepsilon} \cdot O(|z|). \end{aligned}$$

Therefore $R(z) \rightarrow 0$ as $z \rightarrow \infty$, $z \in \bar{\Gamma}_{\varepsilon/2}$, and hence by the Cauchy theorem (2.4) implies

$$\frac{d}{dz} f(1/z) = a_1 + R(z) \rightarrow a_1, \text{ as } z \rightarrow \infty, z \in \bar{\Gamma}_{\varepsilon/2},$$

that implies (2.2) by substituting $1/z$ back for z . ■

Section Headings

Use the Section tag for major sections, such as the one just above. Four additional heading levels are available, as described below.

Subsection Heading

This text appears under a subsection heading.

Subsubsection Heading

This text appears under a subsubsection heading.

Subsubsubsection Heading This text appears under a subsubsubsection heading.

Subsubsubsubsection Heading This text appears under a subsubsubsubsection heading.

Tags

You can apply the logical markup tag *Emphasized*.

You can apply the visual markup tags **Bold**, *Italics*, Roman, Sans Serif, *Slanted*, SMALL CAPS, and **Typewriter**.

You can apply the special, mathematics only, tags BLACKBOARD BOLD, *CALLIGRAPHIC*, and **fraktur**. Note that blackboard bold and calligraphic are correct only when applied to uppercase letters A through Z.

You can apply the size tags tiny, scriptsize, footnotesize, small, normal-size, large, **Large**, **LARGE**, **huge** and **Huge**.

Following is a group of paragraphs marked as Body Quote. This environment is appropriate for a short quotation or a sequence of short quotations.

The only thing we have to fear is fear itself. *Franklin D. Roosevelt*, Mar. 4, 1933

Ask not what your country can do for you; ask what you can do for your country. *John F. Kennedy*, Jan. 20, 1961

There is nothing wrong with America that cannot be cured by what is right with America. *William J. "Bill" Clinton*, Jan. 21, 1993

Lists

Bullet, numbered and description list environments are available. Lists, which can extend four levels deep, look like this:

1. Numbered list item 1.
 2. Numbered list item 2.
 - (a) A numbered list item under a list item.

The typeset appearance for this level is often different from the screen appearance. The typeset appearance often uses parentheses around the level indicator.
 - (b) Another numbered list item under a list item.
 - i. Third level numbered list item under a list item.
 - A. Fourth and final level of numbered list items allowed.
- Bullet item 1.
 - Bullet item 2.
 - Second level bullet item.
 - * Third level bullet item.
 - Fourth and final level bullet item.

Description List Each description list item has a lead-in followed by the item. Double-click the lead-in box to enter or customize the text of the lead-in.

Bunyip Mythical beast of Australian Aboriginal legends.

About the Bibliography

Following the text of this article is a short manual bibliography. This sample bibliography has no relationship to the previous text, but it shows sample citations such as [4], [5] and [6]. You can also have multiple citations appear together. Here is an example: [2, 3, 4].

Appendix A

The First Appendix

The appendix fragment is used only once. Subsequent appendices can be created using the Chapter Section/Body Tag.

Afterword

The back matter often includes one or more of an index, an afterword, acknowledgements, a bibliography, a colophon, or any other similar item. In the back matter, chapters do not produce a chapter number, but they are entered in the table of contents.

Bibliography

- [1] N. Dunford and J. Schwartz, *Functional Analysis*, v. 2, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1963.
- [2] Harstad, K. and Bellan, J., “Isolated fluid oxygen drop behavior in fluid hydrogen at rocket chamber pressures”, *Int. J. Heat Mass Transfer*, 1998a, **41**, 3537-3550
- [3] Harstad, K. and Bellan, J., “The Lewis number under supercritical conditions”, *Int. J. Heat Mass Transfer*, in print
- [4] Hirshfelder, J. O., Curtis, C. F. and Bird, R. B., *Molecular Theory of Gases and Liquids*, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1964
- [5] Prausnitz, J., Lichtenthaler, R. and de Azevedo, E., *Molecular thermodynamics for fluid-phase equilibrium*, Prentice -Hall, Inc., 1986
- [6] Reid, R. C., Prausnitz, J. M. and Polling, B. E., *The Properties of Gases and Liquids*, 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1987

SW Book Binding. 16 August 2014 Â· We will be accepting new orders soon, thank you for your patience and check back soon. SW Book Binding updated their cover photo. 1 January 2014 Â· SW Book Binding. 21 October 2013 Â· SW Book Binding. 7 October 2013 Â· What a wonderful gift we were given this week. sw5e. join leave8,782 readers. 18 users here now. Official website: <https://sw5e.com/>. Handbook Printing Instructions. Post Rules. I'm having bit of a difficulty understanding what sw and lw do in a MIPS program. My understanding of the topic is that we use lw to transfer data from the memory into the register and vice-versa for sw. But how is this exactly accomplished? Let's say we have the following line of code: lw Reg.Dest, Offset(Reg.Source) sw Reg.Source, Offset(Reg.Dest).